

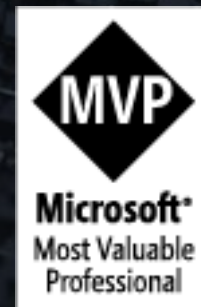
Protecting Cloud Access in the Era of Autonomous AI



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Why Agents Are Different

Agents are actors

Reason, plan, act

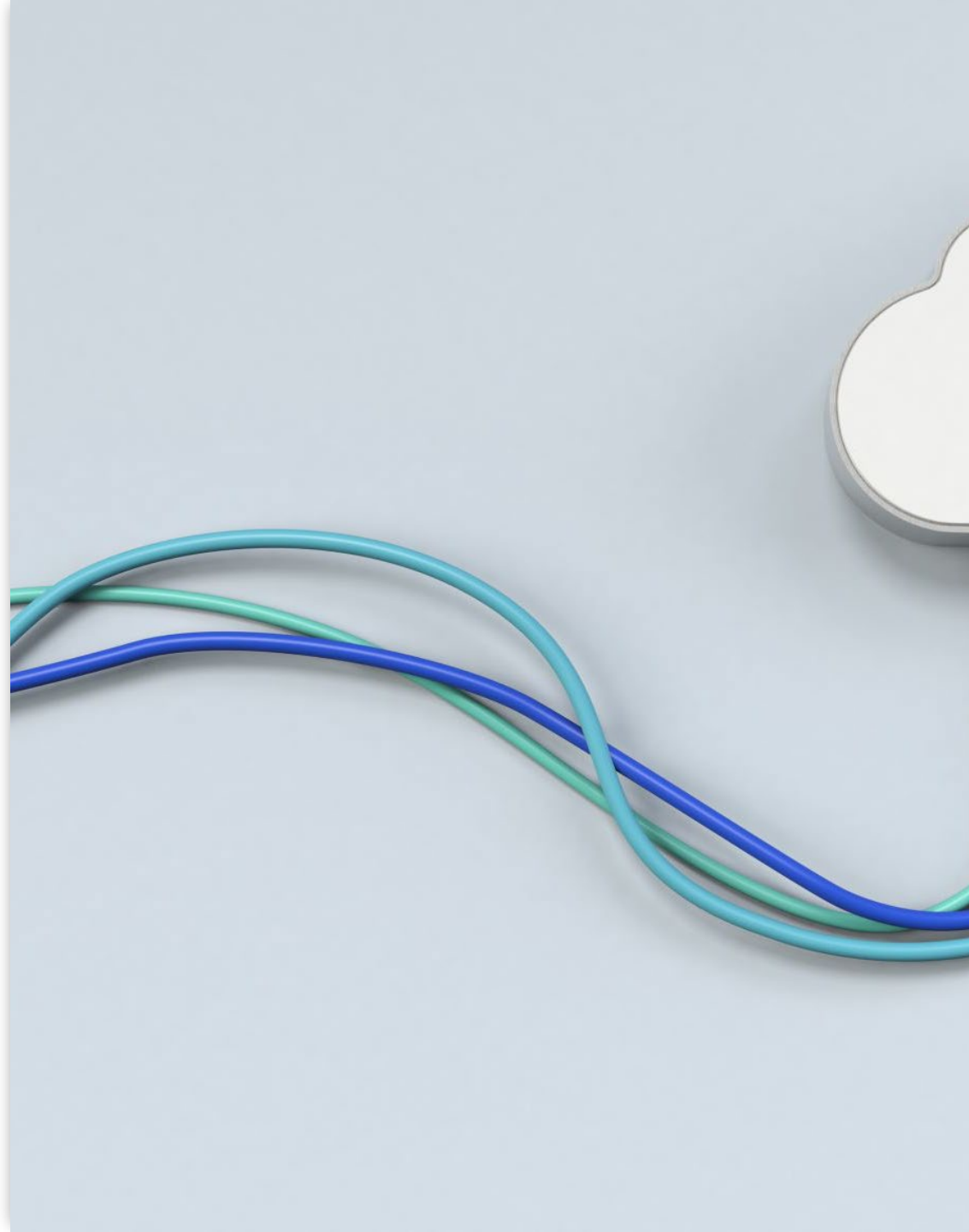
Operate without GUIs

Assistive → Agentic → Autonomous



The Cloud Problem We Created

- IAM assumed humans
- RBAC assumed static apps
- Logging assumed request/response
- Over-permissioned agents
- Shadow agents





Are Agents Workloads or Virtual Users?

Yes

Common Agent Types



Single-task



Tool-calling



Multi-agent



Event-driven

Typical Flow

Trigger

Reason

Act

Audit





How do we
govern these
agents?

- 
- Inventory
 - Non-human identities
 - Least privilege
 - Lifecycle policies



Identity for Non-Human Workers

- Each agent gets an identity
- Scoped permissions
- Conditional access



Observability

Who triggered

What data

What tools

What actions

Traceability

Treat Agent Lifecycle like SDLC



DEV/TEST/PROD



CHANGE
CONTROL



VERSIONING



RETIREMENT



The Risk is Real

Prompt
injection

Data
exposure

Loops

Amplification

Mitigations



Lessons for Any Cloud

- Separate build and control planes
- Inventory first – you need to know what exists
- Instrument before autonomy
- Agents will outnumber humans





Where This Is Heading



AGENTS MANAGING
AGENTS



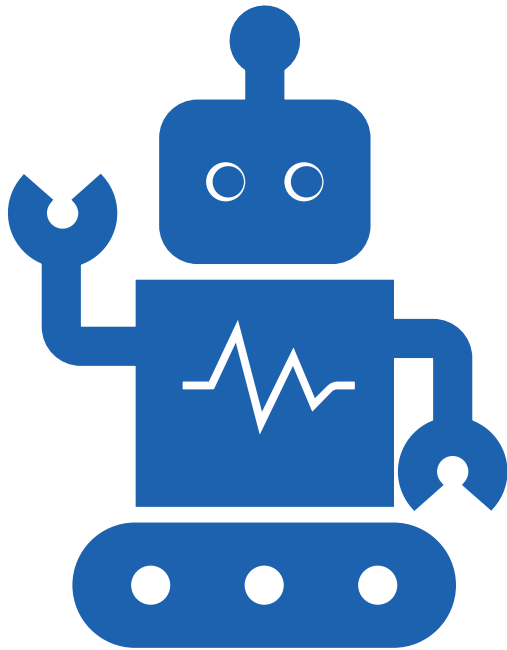
NEW AUDIT
REQUIREMENTS



NON-HUMAN
IDENTITY & ACCESS
MANAGEMENT

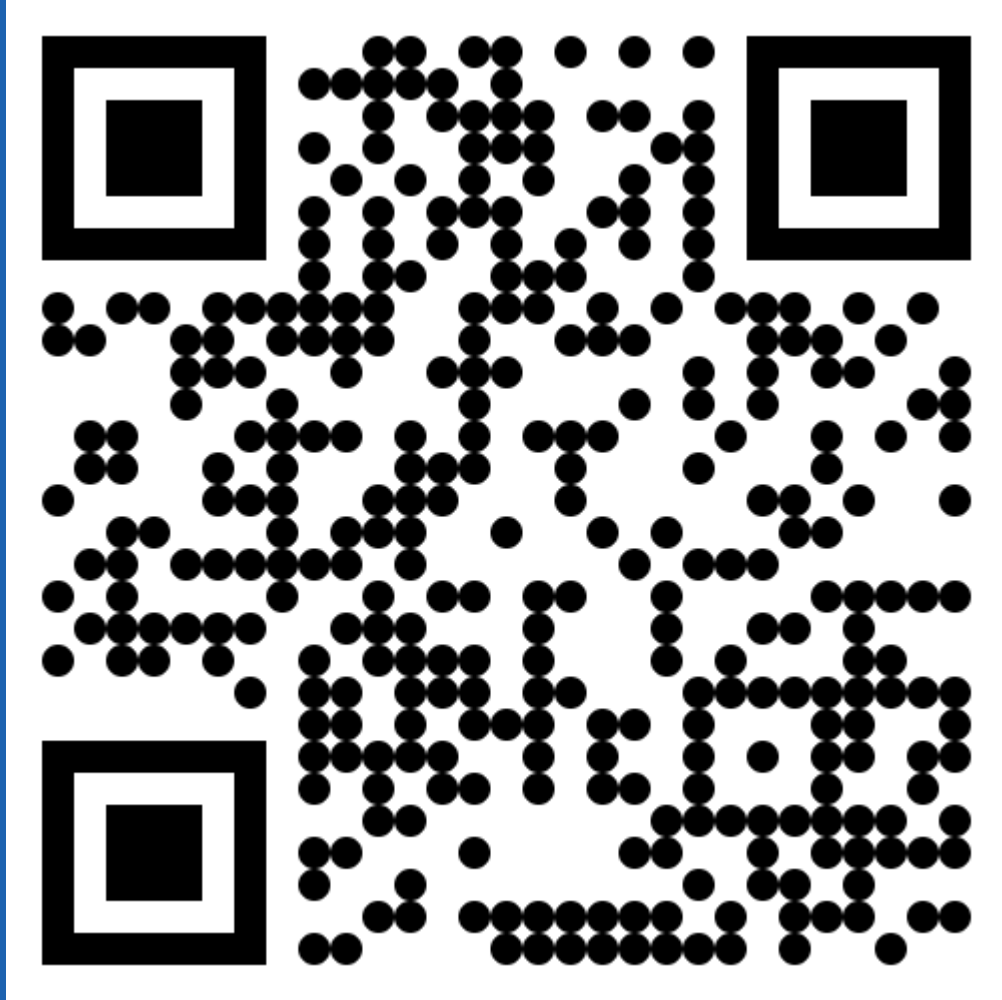


PLATFORM
OWNERSHIP



The Agents are Already Here

- Agents are workloads with autonomy
- Identity and governance is required
- Need to be treated as virtual users
- No autonomy without trust



Thank you!

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